Hus should have noted that foe left a son in John Landerdale, Flo Shought a Laughter, too, but in not sure lack Twis or Joe Chance would know for sure, they would get together once in a while and fly a few missions over again Swelid like Joe a lot. But

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Kussell A. Strong Enclosed is a pictures of My Plane "Dearly Beloved "which was an F and we later converted it to a S. May I have they back, please. after the mission to Halberstadt. also I wish I enter three more felles you should have on the list for the chaes" Alfred J. Fedorka tail gunner T. Sgt. 369th 201 market St. Perth amboy NJ. 08361 John H. Bryan - Navigator 369 to 2914 Stoneway Dr. Austin, Tx 78731 Donald E. Currier Jr. Bombardier 369 4 also enclosed cherk to kelp to cause thanks Blet sucker

31 September 1986

Mr. Billy Casseday 506 S. First St. Dayton, WA 99328

Dear BillY;

I am tryinggto put together a lot of material on the mission of 11 January 44 to Halberstadt.

According to the record you had a bit of trouble getting your plane on the ground back in England!

I would appreciate it if you could right a page of two of copy on the problems you had in getting home that day, and what happened to whom once you touched down.

As a means of refreshing your memory on some of the details of the mission I am enclosing copies of two reports prepared by Intelligence following that raid. Unfortunately, I do not presently have a copy of the interrogation report, although I expect to pick up one sometime in October. At such time I'll mail you a copy of that.

So, I would appreciate having you give the matter some thought, and then writing what you can.

10

All the best,

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Hello Russ It rained today to I took time to look through my form 5 for The info your. wanted for that Jan 1196 raid to Halberstack with Rollinson. There were no particulars except we lost two exerces & ships from the 369 th, It was a battle with conthails making Visibility very poor. The 190's came out of the clouds in a thead on attack and shot hell ant of us. Our ship took a 30 mpm in the earthirt and brounded the eo-pilol and me. Bob Crowley the CP never flew again. We lost 1's engines and limped back to an English base where they trak very good care of us. The only after thing I have is where they awarded to puple heart 9 X.C. I guess for bring ing the sest of us home, We same home that its to the Efglish asast in formation. I left early & landed and guickly as possible

because Bob was bleeding pretty freely. Halberstadt sustained considerable Samage to the aircraft industry of the Hun. and in spite of the article about how little we did and poorly at that The righting was always caper for the circlosp to kelp ow when then were in a Jam which seemed like was pretty often. Then there was The fact of what we did to their ail endustry. Saunded like somepoliticean with sour grapes. We were really supposed to be an aid to the boys who really win The war and I don't want to take anything from them, but it was truly a team
lefforf that did it was truly a team

Wish I could make it & the Runion Just to see al Lester T. Kearney GEN. Iran outo The Reccommendation I grave for him to be accepted in Regular Army. Hel went guite a ways. Share him my Legards. So long for now, Belly.

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DAYTON, WASHINGTON 99328



Hello Auss Look to hear rom you the other day and that suivedoing fine after a little Problem. Hope yourcan guse any ortall of these pies. I would like to have Them back when you finish note this picture of our Seneminde mission and The Trust that slid over underneath us right a Bombs away" note the awhward angle of the leaders left wingman. That was the plane that had a soolber go down through The Navigators astrodome and took the Varigator with it. never lid know Thich group it was. I do know

We were on time at The right altitude in The bomber string Sie written on the backs of some of the Pics. Alot of the guys a rent here I wonder if spournight know some of the relatives that might like a copy. I'd make them up I mail them. Let me know. Solong for now hape To see you in San Diego. Billy assexay

8-12-05 Hello Russell, of the passing of B.W. Casseday 306 the Bond Gray 369th Squadron? He died in april, 2005, blidet know if his family contacted yon. Bull and Ded went thru flying school together and were stationed near Bedford, England en 1943-1944. Mrs. Roberta Casarday (CASSEDAY) So. SO2 First St. Wayton WA 99328-1503 Have to miss the re-union in San antonio/. Sorry / Virginia Br. ageliowski 509/382-2870

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Interview with William F. Cassedy at St. Petersburg, FL, 17-18 Nov 1979.

Raymond Check was a quiet person, and a very good pilot.

A party had been planned on the night of his last mission, and his nurse-girl friend was planning to attend.

Check was flying in the right seat, and JW Wilson in the left. This may have been because of its fosition in the formation.

Check had had several rough missions, and his 25th was expected to be a milkrun. There was fighter cover.

The crew needed a waist ounner, and Cassedy told them as he was getting "ranked" out of his seat, that he needed a milk run as badly as anyone else, and would serve as the waist ounner.

It appeared that a shell fragment came through the top of the cockpit and hit Check in the top of the head. Hydraulic and oxygen lines were also hit.

The radio room door flew open and fire was filling entranceway. The bail out bell rano. Tje plan e was flying o.k., and Cassedy felt it had to be all right.

He motioned for the crew not to jump, grabbed a walkaround bottle and headed for the cockpit. With a back pack on and carrying a walkaround bottle, it was very difficult to get through the bomb bay. By the time he got to the cockpit, the fire had been extinouished.

JW Wilson was flying the plane with his elbows, with Check slumped over the wheel. The plane was still at about 20,000.

Wilson was also burned about the face, and motioned to Cassedy to remove Wilson's oxygen mask. Cassedy did not do this, but Wilson finally got rid of the mask, so Cassedy pushed the wheel forward to force the plane to lose altitude so that Wilson would not pass out. The plane was out of formation.

Wilson got out of the seat and went to the nose, while Casqedy took over the controls.

Cr. Peck treated Wilson and the engineer, and then went through the plane treating other personnel/ Everyone except Cassedy and Peck had burnes or wounds.

Lost altitude as fast as possible, while heading back towards England. One engine had been shot out completely, one engine was throwing oil, and one magine was o.k.

Radio operator sent out May Day signal, and an Air-Sea Rescue fichter met them over the channel.

Wilson motioned for Cassedy to land, but as the airplane commander Cassedy knew the plane was flying well and decided to take the

Cassedy Interview - 2

wounded home. He thought it would take less time to get treatment at Thurleigh where the medics would be ready for them.

But, the flare pistol had been shot off and the radio for contacting the tower was of no use. Unable to contact tower, Cassedy felt the plane was in no condition to fly a normal traffic pattern and to mix into the rest of the group. Decided against landing on one of the short runways, and concluded he must land downwind into the face of other landing planes. A plane on final (Jones) pulled up and went over this plane.

Maj. Deorge L. Prok, flight surgeon, flew as observer.

ME 109s out of the sun, hist plane.

20mm hit oxygen line, 2nd 20 mm hit Check in the neck and exploded. Fire began in the cockpit, fed by oxygen.

Wilson tried to fight blaze and fly plane. Hands were badly burned, Blanchette got fire under control. Peck had been flying in nose. Wilson was flying plane with his forearms, as his hands were so badly burned,

Lt. W. P. Cassedy, riding as a waist gunner, told the crew not to bail out even though the alarm bell had rung. The plane was still flying, so he went forward tonsee what conditions were, helped get Wilson out ofbthe seat after setting up the autopilot, and then flew the plane home.

"It was a wonder a man could stand such pain and fly a plane at the same time," Peck said of Wilson.

Milton Edwards, wounded in arm. Wm. T. Johnson, wounded in leg James A. Bobbett, engineer, burned.

Lionel Drew, bombardier, had bailed out when the alarm bell first rang

Russell A. Strong

PUBLIC INFORMATION

DAVIDSON COLLEGE

Date

William P. Cassedy 3820 - 46th Ave. So. St. Petersburg, Fla. 33711 July 28, 1978 Mrs. Russell A. String Rt. 1, Tumpike Rd Laurinburg, NC 28352 Dear mr. Strong: The VA. has forward your information request. 3he four B-17 Groups, the 306, 303, 304, and 923, I understand, were operational in the ETO from about october of 1942. 4. was pulot in a provisional Group (200 men, 20 airplaner) which around in January 1943 as, & believe, the first replacements which these operational Groups had had. We flew airophner one. to the 423 =d Squadron of the 306 \$ Bont Fromp. a combat experienced Capilat took over my crew on the fant pulat. I flew combat, to begin with, as Co pulat for Captain Raymond "Pappy" Check. We flew a plane named "Chinaulti Pappy"
with sharker teeth painted on the nave,
like the P. 40 a of the Physics Ingere.

Capt Check was billed in combat
on his 25th (which would have been
his last anyway) and & was
given his flights and ground crew.

He had been commander of "A" Phyth
of the 423 rd Squadron. I was made
I thight commander of "C" Phyth.

at 25 them, was the first rand on the ball bearing factory at Schweinfunt (august 17, 1943).

I have a large Rumber of proclume, a list of the said in which I participated, some stories an armedal (3 chester), the DEC (one chester). No drang (but some newspeper chippings), and a menon of R. J. Check, Ralph W. Jones, EW Ford, I.C. Suggs, Robert Smith, Muchael Rasparutch, and Snuffy Smit, and other.

Because of Smuffy's actions after hecoming slight for the medal of themen, many have said he shouldn't have been given it, but I recommended him for it. I maintain that regardless of what he did later, he deserved it on that day".

the type of things of remember and modernts about which only an Easine Pyle would write about, anexideter, but the part these few B-17 Grouper played in breaking through Miller's (Seeings) control of the air over Sermony (the occupied continent) has been almost completely overlooked by this timens. Our own newspapers gave us credit for bombing towns water itan submanine pens, foctonies etc.

I have a psycological block against writing, but I wish you great success in doing a prece of work which is greatly needed.

I would prefer to talk with your in person , and at a time when we had time for bunging back memaries. I know that will probably be my small to the probably be impossible.

Sincerely.

William > Carriedy

L/c MF Res Ret. A0793065

Butholate: Dic 20, 1915

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1938 - 1977

Last Employment: Sensor Said attorning
(Retaid and Forms) antitant Dimissions
US Dept of Justice
Washington D. C.

Jel.: (813) 867-9152 (Bridines)
51, Pet.

William P. Cassedy 3820 - 46th Ave. So. St. Petersburg, Fla. 33711 oct 29, 1978

Russell A. Strong Rt 1, 5 cotch Greadows Drive Laurinburg, north Carolina 28352

Sorry we were out when you called. Dear Russell: you talked with my mother in law who is getting on in years. In your letter you mention your entended wint to 5t Petershurg at the end of the year". I hope it follows the insistence we expect during christman because we moned enjoy your staying with us while you are here, if there is no conflict on time the others are here. Located char. Fatigati. The address in Cornect. His home telephone in (813) 525.0934. He sum a place called Joyland and & expect to see him there tomorrow. Sincerely, Bill

William P. Cassedy 3820 - 46th Ave. So. St. Petersburg, Fla. 33711 Mrs. 26, 1979

Mr. R. A. 52rong 522 Jennison Kalamazoe, Mich. 49007

I have received the Orders which you returned. Dear Russ: Thanks. I hope you enjoyed your stay with us. after you left, a couple of things returned to my menory. One is that, on the flight on which Chech was bulled, when I entered the bomb bay on the way to the cutpit colin, the bombbay doesn were open, but before + had gotten through the narrow walkway, the bomb boy door were closed. From the return of that menany, & candude the bombadur could have closed the down before he jumped. another returning memory is that, when of took the wheel we were out of formation and traveling in a south southwesterly direction. When it started the descent, to eliminate the need for ayygen, I was also Turning the plane to the night when & took

Turning the plane to war turning past west around

the pileti seat, & war turning past west around to a northerly heading setud leveled off at about 12000 or 13000 feet.

you asked what happened immediately en landing and my menang was blank. now, & mementer dropping from the farward hatch. a number of people suched up around me. & believe it was Cel. Robenson who asked, " what's the situation?", and I replied, check's dead and all of the others are hunt except the doc and me." The same person asked why of had not declared or signded an emergency, and I told him that both the radio and flagger were shot out. & also let him know that, because of the damaged engines, & couldn't chance squeezing into the landing formation of the group, and that rather than landing crossways of them, I made sure they would see me by landing down wind head on into their wer. Some one has told the since that James Jones was flying the first landing plane to see me and pull up. no question has ever been saired, I my knowledge, of the propriety of anything of did on that flight. Regards, Bill

16 October 1978

Mr. Wm. P. Cassidy 3820 46th Av., S. St. Petersburg, FL 33711

Dear Bill,

Tried to call you last night, and succeeded in having a pleasant chat with your wife, but guess you were out on the town:

I have hopes of getting to Florida at the end of the year, and may be able to visit with you then.

IN THE MEANTIME, could I get you to do a little searching around there for some people?

One is Charles Fatigati, an ex-POW, who had an address of 6596 19th St., N, but I was unable to pick up a telephone number on hi, so have not tried to contact him.

Just now I took out the search list, and I guess we've solved the problems we know of those who had St. Pete as a hometown before WW II. But, I may come up with a few names as I am searching some other lists slowly, but should have them looked through in another week or so.

Meanwhile, am off to Washington Thursday for the reunion. I understand 1980 will be in Orlando.

Sincerely yours,

27 November 1979

Dear Billt

Your good letter came today, reminding me that I had not properly thanked you and Jerry for the excellent treatment accorded me on my visit to St. Pete.

I had an excellent time, some great food, and got much of the information that I wanted.

I got back to Charlotte in good order, and then on to Laurinburg, and a reunion with my wife. From then on it was pretty hectic. I had done such a good job of painting the porch on the house this summer that I had sealed everything and created some moisture problems. Thus, I spent much of the week repairing porch flooring that had buckled. And we had our five sons home for Thanksgiving, and with my typewriter in Kalamazoo I jub did not get writing done.

Them, last Saturday my wife came back to Kalamazoo with me and we began some house hunting. Although she flew home today, it isn't quite done, but I hope to wrap it up before I leave for the West Coast this weekend.

I appreciate your further comments, and they help to round out the story of that day.

I rather expect to see John Regan next Saturday, and have a date with Bob Riordan in Dallas on Tuesday. I also expect to fill in with several other men in between.

But all of this travel and moving is slowing down my writing, and I must get back to it soon.

My best to such excellent hosts,

C-C-M-B-A-T J-F-M-R-A-T-I-O-M-A-L M-I-S-S-i-O-M-S

NAE_	CAESEDY, WILLIAM P.	SCUADECH_	423rd Bomb	So (H)
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William P. Cassedy 3820 - 46th Ave. So. St. Petersburg, Fla. 33711

aug 15, 1978

Art. Russell A. Strong Rt. 1 Scotch Headows Drine

Laurinburg. Geord Carolina 28352

Dear Russell:

Thank you very much for your effort on Motorian, your information, the Choes newspapers, your telephone call, and the memories you have started in my mind.

Inclosed are a few pretures which I have relected. Others may be of more enterest to a Historian.

an incident or two. anyway,

Regards

Bill

Wm P. Cassedy 1981

Without any research toward verification, I have written below what I remember and as I remember it.

Yes, I was on the U. S. 8th Air Force mission (we said "raid") to Schweinfurt on 17th August, 1943. That was my last raid, my 25th. Because of a heavy percentage of losses during that time period, 25 raids completed a tour of combat for U. S. heavy bomber crews in the E.T.O. One pilot who completed twenty-five "buzzed" the field on returning from his 25th raid. That was earlier, and I had said I would blow the "dispersal" tent down when I finished 25; but that was earlier and I had forgotten my remark.

I was a first lieutenant in command of C Flight of the 423rd Squadron 306 Bomb (H) Group. A lieutenant as flight commander? Yes, our Squadron Commander, Major Lambert, promoted no one to Captain while I was in his Squadron. Although the squadron table of organization called for eleven Captains, Major Lambert had two Captains in his squadron when I arrived and two when I left. When Captain Check, Commander of A Flight, was killed, Major Lambert transferred a Captain from another squadron into the 423rd, but that is another story. The Flight Commanders were rotated up, and I was given C Flight.

The concentration of industry, that is, the ball bearing factory, the manufacture of tools and tools to make the tools to make ball bearings, were in existence before World War II, I understand. Anyway, I was told that our Command was surprised when British Intelligence with information from the English underground reminded them that it still existed and was manufacturing 75% of all ball bearings for the German war effort. We had understood that Hitler had deconcentrated his industries.

We were briefed on carrying out this raid several times before we actually took off and completed it. For instance, after the first briefing was finished, we were told clouds had closed in over the target and the raid was called off. Although our bomb sights were unmatched in precision, we had to see the target in order to hit it. Then, we were told that we were going to Schweinfurt later, anyway, and reminded that if anyone let the destination slip out we would probably be met at the right time and altitude by German fighter planes. We knew that but were concerned because a large number of combat inexperienced crews had been arriving since June who might be unaware of the seriousness of a tongue slip up. The Assistant Operations officer came by my dispersal area (where the plane was kept) to tell us the raid was cancelled. He gave us each a "T.S. Card" with spaces where holes could be punched, he said, by the Chaplain. He assured us we were entitled to one punch, each.

On the morning of 17th August, 1943, the final briefing was finished and we rendezvoused at altitude over the Coast. The day was breaking as we crossed the Channel and saw the German fighters, right time, right altitude (ME109; Focke-Wulf 190, I've forgotten) (Maybe, Goering's pet squadron of yellow nosed Focke-Wulf 190's from Abbeville, France). But then we saw that the fighters were following English bombers coming back from a raid the night before. The fighters were too close to being out of gasoline to be able to take us on. We had a peaceful ride for awhile.

Then all hell broke loose. I believe the Germans had more anti-aircraft fire power and fighter planes located near, in and around Schweinfurt than perhaps anywhere. They obviously put everything into the air that would fly. Among all of the aircraft, I also saw an old ME210, with a gunner firing from the rear open cockpit, as I was coming off the target run. He was shooting into my left wing gasoline tank and left it leaking.

My excellent top turret gunner had finished his twenty-five and I was giving an inexperienced new comer his first combat ride. His gun was not firing; we were calling to him to get that plane. Other gunners in our formation must have concentrated on it because the plane split lengthwise as it burst into flames and parted. My new gunner came on the intercom with, "Two planes going down twelve o'clock high!"

He told me later that his gun had jammed and he was out of touch while fixing it. I told him I had finished my 25 and was going home; that if he wished to say the same thing to someone later, he had better practice taking his gun apart and putting it together with gloves on, until he could do it in five seconds flat.

Schweinfurt was a rough time. I burned all my engine valves and No. 4 engine was out, but I was returning with all crewmen unhurt. I was glad. As I approached our base field, I left the formation as I decided to "buzz" it. The field was higher in its middle so I dropped low and came up over the rise toward the control tower, then up into a wing-over letting the low wing pass between the control tower and a hangar. As I came back down from the wing-over, I remembered that I had said that I would blow the "dispersal" tent down (that was where the ground crew chief kept the tools, etc., to work on the plane). I passed very closely over the top of the "dispersal" tent and pulled up so it would get full blast from the prop-wash.

After landing and taxiing to my dispersal area, I saw that the tent had not budged. The crew chief had remembered and had staked it down deep.

Captain Salada, the Operations Officer, was waiting for me in a jeep. As I dropped to the ground and joined him, he said, "Well, Jesus Christ ole man; Well, Jesus Christ!". I smiled but didn't answer. Apparently, some of the persons on top of the control tower who had waited for the Group's return, had to be restrained from jumping off as my plane passed over.

Lt. Col. Robinson, the 306 Group Commander, informed me that a Colonel down at "Wide-wing" (the 8th AF headquarters) wanted to see me. He said he would cut orders sending me back to the States, if I wanted, but only after I had talked to the Colonel.

While acting as Co-pilot for Captain Check, we had met that Colonel at a Publisher's Estate (used as a rest home during WW II) down near South Hampton. The Colonel's name, I do not remember, but his offer was a compliment. He was setting up an Advisory Board, composed of three: one each who had finished tours in heavy bombers, light bombers, and fighters. The Board was to advise Command on tactics. Although I turned down the Colonel's offer (for personal reasons), while I was there, he showed me pictures of the 17th August 1943 Schweinfurt raid results. The pictures had been taken by a high altitude observation plane as quickly as the smoke from our bombing had cleared.

Those pictures showed complete destruction, absolute. I was amazed. I told the Colonel that such was impossible, it just could not be so. I knew about where our bombs had fallen; I believed we had good accuracy on the assigned buildings, but total obliteration was not acceptable to me.

Later, I was told that those pictures had been greatly enlarged, sufficiently to show that the Germans, in the short period of time while the smoke was clearing, had camouflaged the entire area to appear to be destroyed. We did not know what damage we had done. There was no question but the 8th AF had to go back to Schweinfurt. No machine would work without ball bearings, the target was that important.

Because we did not know what damage we had done, I have not been surprised that the 17th August, 1943, raid has had almost no mention, that many people believe the first raid on Schweinfurt occurred in October. I am wondering now if you have found out the results of our raid from German sources, or if not, why a whole book on the Schweinfurt raid of 17th August, 1943.

cc: Russell Strong
Kalamazoo, Michigan

MARTIN MIDDLEBROOK
48, LINDEN WAY,
BOSTON, LINCS. PE21 9DS
ENGLAND.

13th October 1981.

Dear Colonel Cassedy,

Hay I introduce myself as an English historian who is preparing a book about the 8th Air Force missions to Regensburg and Schweinfurt on 17th August 1943 - a day I am sure you will remember. This book will be a serious piece of military history based on research I have carried out in Germany as well as in the United States but also including the experiences of the ordinary men involved. I have a contract with Scribners of New York and the book will be published on 17th August 1983.

l have been trying to make contact with as many men as possible who took part in those missions. I was given your name and address by Mr. Russell Strong of Kalamazoo and I am writing to ask if you will help me a little with my work by writing just a few notes in answer to some questions which I will set out below.

May I just say one or two things before 1 go further. I have already carried out a considerable amount of research and have a good knowledge of most of the things that happened to your group on 17th August 1943. I am not asking you to write a long general description of the Schweinfurt mission. What would be helpful is if you could think back to that day and identify any incidents which remain in your mind as being particularly vivid. Such incidents can be at any period between your being woken up that morning and your landing that evening. These incidents may have been major ones, directly connected with the mission, or minor ones, only affecting yourself or your crew. I would like to stress that one or two paragraphs of notes, in detail, on something original, is all I ask of you and that nothing would be too trivial for my interest. Similar contributions from many men will enable me to bring this whole subject to life.

One small request - would you please tell me what your rank was on 17th August 1943 so that I can acknowledge your help properly in my book.

I would be most grateful if you could help by sending me a few notes. I intend to start the writing of this book in December and it would be

Books: THE FIRST DAY ON THE SOMME, THE NUREMBERG RAID, CONVOY, BATTLESHIP with Patrick Mahoney, THE KAISER'S BATTLE, THE DIARIES OF PRIVATE BRUCKSHAW (editing only), THE BATTLE OF HAMBURG.

In German: Die Nacht In Der Die Bom! et Starben, Konvot, Seldnehtschiffe, Der 21. März 1918

In preparation: THE SCHWEINFURT - REGENSEURG MISSION - (U.S.A.A.F.) 17 August 1943, THE PEENEMÜNDE RAID - (R.A.F.) 17/18 August 1943, THE BOMBER COMMAND WAR DIARIES - An Operational Reference Book

The History of Boston Series: BOSTON AT WAR. THE CATHOLIC CHURCH IN BOSTON

particularly helpful if you could reply to this letter by the end of December. If you do not feel able to help me for some reason but would like to keep in touch and be informed about the book's publication in 1983, could you please send me a short note telling me so.

I send you best wishes from England.

Yours sincerely,

danh hedde

William P. Cassedy 3820 - 46th Avenue South St. Petersburg, Florida 33711 Oct 27, 1981

Russell A. Strong 2041 Hillsdale Kalamazas, MI 49007

Dear Russell:

Were are copies of a letter of received and of my expension as related in response. I do not see that my expension will be of any value to a historian, but if they are, then I feel I should report them to you.

value, then of course I have other that should be about of equal value.

anyway, this is an opportunity to again send you my hest regards.

Sincerely

Bill Carsedy

William P. Cassedy 3820 - 46th Avenue South St. Petersburg, Florida 33711

Dev. 6, 1981

Russell A. Strong 2041 Killsdale Kalanagas, MI 49007

Dear Russell:

Savarota is only about thirty miles away from us here, so why shouldn't you and your wife stay with us when you come down for the restaurant opening. I will drive you down there from here.

If that is not passible, then at least stop by for a night before or after the

opening -By the way of an inclosing my seventer at fifty are hundredthe (817 50) for a first edition aggs of First our Gernany. a History of the 306 The Book Group

Bull

100 Pierce St. Condo 607, Pierce 100 Clearwater, Florida 33516 34616 June 11, 1987

Russell Strong 204, Hellstale Kalamazor, Muchayan

Dear Russell:

my grandson in apparently gaing & make The military a Caseer. He took course suggested by ROTC while in cellege, and now, is: LT. Alan WM FUTVOYE

458 B DYEA ane.

FT. Richardson, alaska 99505 His mother was the "mise Patricia" for whom A named my B-17. The war 3 years ald at that time. Later, while her husband was on duty with the army of occupation, to was born in Heidlibert, Gernany - Now, he and his wife tell me that my first Great Grandchild is due to be born in

late July anyway, I have enclosed my check for \$ 20 : which of hope is sufficient to Come The first our Brown book and pastage, if not let me know the additional amount. a brief reference to pages

133 and 152 would let him know that

grandpa was one of the First over Germany.
He is with army "special Farcis which, if not "Green Bereti";
It is very similar. Best Regards,

Bill Carond

William 7 CASSEDY Dies June 8- 1989 100 Presie ST. 7607 Clearnater Fla 34616 Mrs Wm PCassedy

Mrs. William Cassedy

18 tel 1991

Dear fursel String -Bill Cassedy died of Cancer in 1989 - An . do meso him -Hemander you Come to see us in Ar Perensing about you're bros-Heard sont Bill's Copy to tus Man my altest son wants a Capy - He is a WITT Calleton -So please send one to him ~ To his address -The and you Henry Cossedy -He moved to a Condo after your wesit to Clear was es

I am trying to seel it as I am gain i into the Fairfuy Retirement Nome in

FT. Belvais VA - Hers all my Dons - Stromen by TROA -

Amaid Heavy Cassely

Interview with Milliam F. Cassedy at St. Petersburg, FL, 17-18 Nov 1979.

7 3

Raymond Check was a quiet person, and a very good pilot.

A party had been planned on the night of his last mission, and his nurse-girl friend was planning to attend.

Check was flying in the right seat, and JW Wilson in the left. This may have been because of its position in the formation.

Check had had several rough missions, and his 25th was expected to be a milkrun. There was fighter cover.

The crew needed a waist ounner, and Cassedy told them as he was getting "ranked" out of his seat, that he needed a milk run as badly as anyone else, and would serve as the waist ounner.

It appeared that a shell fragment came through the top of the cockpit and hit Check in the top of the head. Hydraulic aND oxygen lines were also hit.

The radio room door flew open and fire was filling entranceway. The bail out bell rano. Tje plan e was flying o.k., and Cassedy felt it had to be all right.

He motioned for the crew not to jump, grabbed a walkaround bottle and headed for the cockpit. With a back pack on and carrying a walkaround bottle, it was very difficult to get through the bomb bay. Sy the time he got to the cockpit, the fire had been extinguished.

JW Wilson was flying the plane with his elbows, with Check slumped over the wheel. The plane was still at about 20,000.

Wilson was also burned about the face, and motioned to Cassedy to remove Wilson's oxygen mask. Cassedy did not do this, but Wilson finally got rid of the mask, so Cassedy pushed the wheel forward to force the plane to lose alitude so that Wilson would not pass out. The plane was out of formation.

Wilson got out of the seat and went to the nose, while Casqedy took over the controls.

Cr. Peck treated Wilson and the engineer, and then went through the plane treating other personnel/ Everyone except Cassedy and Peck had burnes or wounds.

Lost altitude as fast as possible, while heading back towards England. One engine had been shot out completely, one engine was throwing oil, and one engine was o.k.

Radio operator sent out May [ay signal, and an Air-Sea Rescue fighter met them over the channel.

Wilson motioned for Cassedy to land, but as the airplane commander Cassedy knew the plane was flying well and decided to take the

Cassedy Interview - 2

wounded home. He thought it would take less time to get treatment at Thurleigh where the medics would be ready for them.

But, the flare pistol had been shot off and the radio for contacting the tower was of no use. Unable to contact tower, Cassedy felt the plane was in no condition to fly a normal traffic pattern and to mix into the rest of the group. Decided against landing on one of the short runways, and concluded he must land downwind into the face of other landing planes. A plane on final (Jones) pulled up and went over this plane.

Maj. George L. Peck, flight surgeon, flew as observer.

ME 109s out of the sun, hist plane.

20mm hit oxygen line, 2nd 20 mm hit Check in the neck and exploded. Fire began in the cockpit, fed by oxygen.

Wilson tried to fight blaze and fly plane. Hands were badly burned, Blanchette got fire under control. Peck had been flying in nose. Wilson was flying plane with his forearms, as his hands were so badly burned.

Lt. W. P. Cassedy, riding as a waist gunner, told the crew not to bail nut even though the alarm bell had rung. The plane was still flying, so he went forward tonsee what conditions were, helped get Wilson out ofbthe seat after setting up the autopilot, and then flew the plane home.

"It was a wonder a man could stand such pain and fly a place at the same time," Peck said of Wilson.

Milton Edwards, wounded in arm. Wm. T. Johnson, wounded in len James A. Bobbett, engineer, burned.

Lionel Drew, bombardier, had bailed out when the alarm bell first rang